

1. Identification

- A. Product name : ENAMEL THINNER DR-306L
- B. Recommended Use and Restriction on Use
 - General use : INTUMESCENT COATING – PAINT THINNER
 - Restriction on use : Restricted to use other than recommended use
- C. Manufacturer / Supplier / distributor information
 - Company name : NOROO Paint & Coatings Co., Ltd.
 - Address : 351, Bakdal-ro, Manan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
 - Emergency telephone number : +82-31-467-6114

2. Hazard identification

- A. GHS Classification
 - Flammable liquids Category 3
 - Carcinogenicity Category 1B
 - Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
 - Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2

- B. GHS label elements
 - Hazard symbols



- Signal words : DANGER
- Hazard statements :
 - H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
 - H350 May cause cancer
 - H340 May cause genetic defects
 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- Precautionary statements
 - Prevention
 - P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. ? No smoking.
 - P223 Avoid contact with water.
 - P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
 - P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
 - P242 Use only non-sparking tools. Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6) 1, 2, 3
 - P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 - P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 - P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 - P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 - P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 - Response
 - P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 - P370+P378 In case of fire: Use Suitable extinguishing media for extinction(Refer Section MSDS 5).
 - P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
 - P391 Collect spillage.
 - Storage
 - P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 - P405 Store in a locked place.
 - Disposal
 - P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

- C. Other hazards which do not result in classification : (NFPA Classification)

Chemical Name	NFPA grade	Health	Flammability	Reactivity
Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy		2	2	0
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy		NO DATA	NO DATA	NO DATA

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS-NO	Content(%)
Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy	Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy	64741-92-0	90~100
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	0.1~4

4. First-aid measures

- A. Eye Contact : If irritation, pain, swelling, tears or glaring happens, take medical assistant immediately Flush exposed eyes with plenty of water for more than 15minutes.

B. Skin Contact : Wash off with soap and water for more than 15 minutes. And take medical assistant immediately. If symptoms like irritation or pain occurs, take medical assistant immediately. Remove exposed clothing, and wash off exposed area with soap and water.

C. Inhalation : Take a medical assistant immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, and isolate it. If hard to breathe, administering oxygen Perform the artificial respiration, using the pocket mask with one way valves or other respiratory medical devices. If inhaled or swallowed, do not perform the inhalation phase of breathing. If not breathing, perform the artificial respiration. Avoid from exposure, and move into an area with fresh air.

D. Ingestion Contact : It is need to be considered that early removal of some ingested material by gastric lavage must be weighed against potential complications of bleeding or perforation Take proper medical assistant by symptoms. If ingested large quantity, take medical assistant. Do not try to induce vomiting, if occurs, keep head below hips to prevent swallow into lungs. Inducing vomit.

E. Notes to Physician : There is no specific antidote and take an appropriate medical treatment.

5. Fire-fighting measures

A. Suitable (Unsuitable) extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Powder extinguishing agent, gaseous Extinguishing Agent, and regular foam.
- (Unsuitable) extinguishing media : Water is not appropriate extinguishing agent
- Case of big fire : Use appropriate protective device depend on the situation. Stay away more than 800m to avoid tank explosion. Spread large amount of the extinguishing agent as a mist form with staying against wind.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Pyrolysate : Carbon dioxide, toxic carbon compounds/Nitrogen compounds/sulfur compounds
- Fire and Explosion danger : Risk of medium-sized fire.

C. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- Personal Precautions, protective equipment : Gas mask or air respirator, heat resistant clothing, heat resistant helmet, heat resistant gloves, heat resistant boots
- Emergency procedures : Block the area except for the fire-suppression personnel. Cooling containers with water long time after extinguish fire. If there is no risk, moving containers away from fire. Use appropriate extinguishing agents to catch fire.

6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal Precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal Precautions, protective equipment : Gas mask for organic gases, other appropriate protective device / clothing / gloves.
- Emergency procedures : Do not contact on the bare skin Do work with the personal protected devices such as gas mask for organic gases other appropriate protective devices / clothing / gloves. Spray water to reduce amount of steam. Take an action to block the leakage if there is no risk.

B. Environmental precautions

- Atmosphere : Using local ventilation to Minimize the exposure to worker. Do install the local ventilations and full ventilation system
- Soil : Use absorbent to collect the appropriate container. Trap spilled material at bottom in deep water pockets, excavated holding areas or within sand bag barriers.
- Under water : Collect spilled material with mechanic devices Use absorbent to collect the appropriate container.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill : Move to appropriate container for disposal of spilled material collected. Absorb for use sand or other non-combustible material.
- Large spill : Notify to central and local government, when emissions are above regulation. Prohibit access of unnecessary people, isolate hazard area to secure.

7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling : Use local ventilations and a full ventilation system when handling Seal the container for minimizing the petroleum steam Ground for preventing the static discharge Keep or handle followed by Dangerous goods Safety Management Act

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Stored in an isolated place, freezing caution, high temperature body caution. Avoid strong oxidizing agents, acid. Storage temperature: 5 ~ 35 °C Avoid direct sunlight while storing outdoor. Because of evaporation and contamination concerns, airtight the container and store in a well-ventilated building.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Exposure Limits

- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA

B. Engineering Controls :

- ▷ Do install the local ventilations and full ventilation system
- ▷ Using local ventilation to Minimize the exposure to worker.
- ▷ NO DATA
- ▷ NO DATA

C. Personal Protective Equipment

- Respiratory protection : Use the personal protect respirator for organic solvent or higher level of capacity when workers are supposed to be exposed under unsuitable respiratory working condition, or longer period exposure than standard level. Respirators should be authorized by Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency
- Eye protection : Let workers do wear the safety glasses in case hazard caused by mist may be expected. Install washing facilities and an emergency washing facilities close to workplace. Use the respirator for organic solvent or higher level.
- Hand protection : Wear the chemical protective gloves Do the workers wear the impermeable protective gloves made from rubber/PVC due to skin irritation may be supposed by chronicle and long period exposure.
- Skin protection : Wear appropriate chemical protective clothing. Work after wearing the impermeable protective apron made by rubber/PVC in case hazard caused by exposure or spill, wear the impermeable whole body protective clothing if needed.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- A. Appearance : a clear colourless liquid
- B. Odor : a distinct smell of Solvent
- C. Odor threshold : NO DATA
- D. PH : NO DATA
- E. Melting point/Freezing point(°C) : NO DATA
- F. Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Ranges(°C) : NO DATA
- G. Flash point(°C) : 33
- H. Evaporating Rate : NO DATA
- I. Flammability(solid, gas)(°C) : NON Flammable
- J. Upper/Lower Flammability or explosive limits : NO DATA
- K. Vapour pressure : NO DATA
- L. Solubility : NO DATA
- M. Vapour density : NO DATA
- N. Specific gravity : NO DATA
- O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water : NO DATA
- P. Autoignition temperature(°C) : NO DATA
- Q. Decomposition temperature(°C) : NO DATA
- R. Viscosity : 0.8CPS
- S. Molecular weight : NO DATA

10. Stability and reactivity

- A. Chemical stability : NO DATA
- B. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Avoid contaminants and friction Do not contact with heat, spark, flame or other flammable sources
- C. Conditions to avoid : Oxidation agent, metal and combustable materials
- D. Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition products (carbon etc..)

11. Toxicological information

- A. Information on the likely routes of exposure
 - Respiratory tracts : Adverse lung effects, Dyspnoea, Hypothermia, Vomitting
 - Oral : Vomitting, Diarrhea, Stomach pain, Irregular heartbeat
 - Skin : Irritation, Burn, Adverse nerve effects
 - Eye : Irritation, eye damage
- B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
 - Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 > 7000 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : non-irritating(rabbit)
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Non-irritating(rabbit)
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : Non-sensitizer (Guinea pig)
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : Carc. 1B
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : NO DATA
 - Reproductive toxicity : NO DATA

- STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
- STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
- Aspiration hazard : NO DATA
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 5000 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 = 3160 mg/kg rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 = 3160 mg/kg rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : usually stimulus (rabbit)
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Non-irritating (rabbit)
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : Carc. 1B
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : EU CLP: 1B (case containing less than 0.1% of the benzene in a weight ratio of the material not applied to the present classification)
 - Reproductive toxicity : EU CLP: 1B (case containing less than 0.1% of the benzene in a weight ratio of the material not applied to the present classification)
 - STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : NO DATA

12. Ecological information

- A. Ecotoxicity
- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : LC50 2 mg/ℓ 48 hr Mysidopsis bahia
 - Algae : EC50 13 mg/ℓ 72 hr Selenastrum capricornutum
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA
- B. Persistence and degradability
- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - Persistence : log Kow 2.8 ~ 6 (Estimates)
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
- C. Bioaccumulative potential
- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
- D. Mobility in soil
- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - ▷ NO DATA
- E. Other adverse effects
- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - ▷ Shellfish: NOEC = 0.56 mg/L/48hr
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - ▷ NO DATA

13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods : Disposal material should keep in the airtight container, and consign according to Waste Material Management Act
- B. Special precautions for disposal : Discard it followed by appropriate regulations Prohibit the unauthorized disposal and incineration due to adversely affect natural ecosystems

14. Transport information

- A. UN number : 1263
- B. Proper shipping name : Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, colorants, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer sealer) or related materials (including paint diluent and reductant).
- C. Hazard class : 3
- D. Packing group : III

E. Marine pollutant : be applicable

F. Special precautions for user related to transport or transportation measures

○ EmS FIRE SCHEDULE : F-E

○ EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE : S-E

15. Regulatory information

- Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA

16. Other information

A. Reference

This MSDS is based on 'Industrial safety and health' Act paragraph 41 and Proclamation of Ministry of Labor and Employment 2016-19, and considered domestic regulations.

This MSDS is based on KOSHA, NITE, ESIS, NLM, SIDS, IPCS, NCIS.

B. Issue date : 2016-04-05

C. Revision number and Last date revised : 1.(2020-10-12)

D. Other : " WWW.NOROO.CO.KR"